Experience as a Multitenant DBA

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Three Big Questions

- 1. What do I need to learn extra?
- 2. Do I need to change anything?

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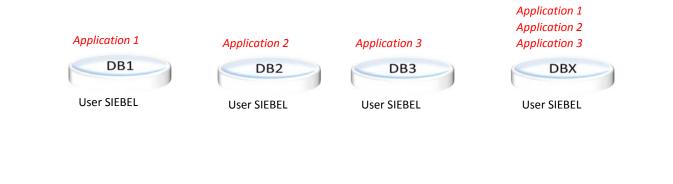
3. *May* something break?

Agenda

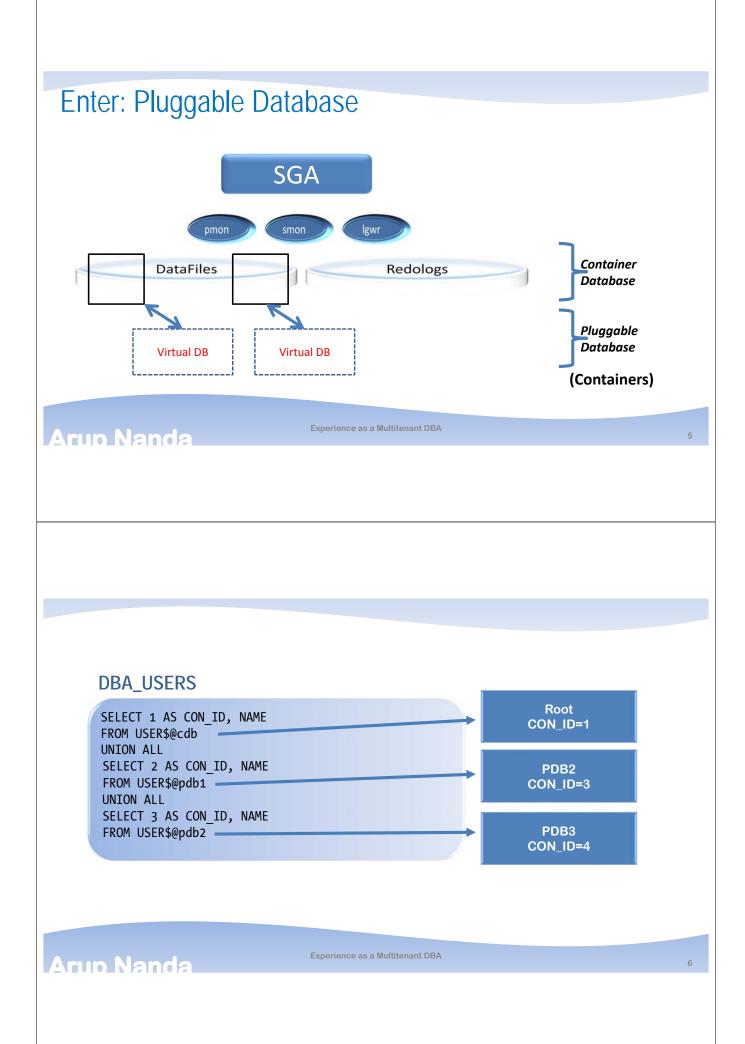
- Quick primer on Oracle Multitenant
- Developer Activities Affected
- DBA Activities Affected
- Tips and Tricks

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- CDB specific:
 - Alert Log
 - Redo Logs
 - Undo Tablespaces
 - SGA
 - ADR (Automatic Diagnostic Repository)
 - Characterset
 - Block size
 - Most pfile parameters

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• PDB specific:

- Additional datafiles (including system)
- Some PDB-specific parameters

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Parameters can be different

- View V\$PARAMETER column ISPDB_MODIFIABLE shows if a parameter is modifiable
 - select name, value from v\$parameter where ispdb_modifiable = 'TRUE'
- Example:
 - parallel_degree_policy is PDB modifiable
 - result_cache_max_size is not PDB modifiable
- PDB does not have a SPFILE
- These parameters are stored in PDB_SPFILE\$

Creating PDBs

• (In CDB) Logon to SQL*Plus as SYSDBA

SQL> create pluggable database PLUG1 admin user plug1admin identified by plug1admin;

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Basics of PDBs

Is this a CDB? Or a non-CDB?	SQL> desc v\$pdbs Name	Null? Type
SQL> select cdb from v\$database;		
	CON_ID	NUMBER
CDB	DBID	NUMBER
	CON_UID	NUMBER
YES	GUID	RAW(16)
	NAME	VARCHAR2(30)
How many PDBs?	OPEN MODE	VARCHAR2(10)
	RESTRICTED	VARCHAR2(3)
SQL> select name from v\$pdbs;	OPEN TIME	TIMESTAMP(3) WITH TIME ZONE
	CREATE SCN	NUMBER
NAME	TOTAL SIZE	NUMBER
	BLOCK SIZE	NUMBER
PDB\$SEED	RECOVERY STATUS	VARCHAR2(8)
PDBORCL	SNAPSHOT PARENT CON ID	NUMBER
PLUG1		HOLDER

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Service Name

- Creates a default service in the database (CDB) with the same name as PDB
- Listener listens to this service:
 - \$ lsnrctl status

```
Service "plug1" has 1 instance(s).
```

- Instance "cdborcl1", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this service...
- But that service is not *defined* in the database
 - SQL> show parameter service NAME TYPE VALUE

service_names string CDBORCL

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How do you Connect to a PDB?

- By default it connects to the "Root" container.
 \$ sqlplus / as sysdba
- Three ways to connect. First approach:

The SET CONTAINER Clause

SQL> alter session set container = PLUG1;



Connect to Service Name

```
Put in TNSNAMES.ORA file, SERVICE_NAME = PLUG1
PLUG1 =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS =
      (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST = host1)(PORT = 1521)
    )
    (CONNECT DATA =
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE NAME = PLUG1)
    )
  )
```

\$ sqlplus scott/tiger@plug1

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Connecting from Applications

• Connect through a connect string: \$ sqlplus scott/tiger@mydb where mydb is a connect string in TNSNAMES.ORA

before after mydb =mydb = (DESCRIPTION = (DESCRIPTION = (ADDRESS= (ADDRESS= (PROTOCOL=TCP) (PROTOCOL=TCP) (HOST=host1) (HOST=host1) (PORT=1521) (PORT=1521))) (CONNECT_DATA = (CONNECT DATA = (SID = MYSID) (SERVICE_NAME = PLUG1)))))

When Connect String is not Present
What to do when client connect on the server directly? sqlplus scott/tiger
Put in TNSNAMES.ORA file, SERVICE_NAME = PLUG1
Set TWO_TASK environment variable \$ export TWO_TASK=PLUG1 \$ sqlplus scott/tiger
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Which PDB am I in?
From SQL*Plus
SQL> show con_name
From any session
<pre>sys_context('USERENV','CON_NAME')</pre>
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DBA views At root At PLUG1 SQL> select tablespace_name from dba_tablespaces; SQL> select tablespace name from dba_tablespaces; TABLESPACE_NAME TABLESPACE_NAME -----. _ _ _ _ _ _ _ SYSTEM SYSTEM SYSAUX SYSAUX UNDOTBS1 TEMP TEMP URBANCODE USERS URBANCODE1 UNDOTBS2 UNDOTBS3 UNDOTBS4 NEWURBANCODE Experience as a Multitenant DBA Arup Nanda

All DDR Viows

select tablespace_name from CDB_TABLESPACES

All PDD VIEWS	TABLESPACE_NAME		
 Prefixed with CDB_ instead of DBA_ 	NEWURBANCODE SYSAUX SYSAUX		
<pre>select tablespace_name from DBA_TABLESPACES</pre>	SYSAUX SYSTEM		
TABLESPACE_NAME	SYSTEM SYSTEM		
NEWURBANCODE SYSAUX SYSTEM TEMP UNDOTBS1 UNDOTBS2	TEMP TEMP UNDOTBS1 UNDOTBS2 UNDOTBS3	CON_ID column shows the container the data belongs to.	
UNDOTBS2 UNDOTBS3 UNDOTBS4 USERS	UNDOTBS4 URBANCODE URBANCODE URBANCODE1 URBANCODE1		
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More Space		
SQL> show pdbs		
CON_ID CON_NAME	OPEN MODE RESTRICTED	
 2 PDB\$SEED 3 PLUG1 • Two additional containers 	READ ONLY NO READ WRITE NO	
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V\$ Views		
	data regardless of where you are connected or the PDB ← IMPORTANT	
 Some V\$ Views show the same of – Examples: V\$DATABASE V\$LOGFILE 	r the PDB ← IMPORTANT At plug1	
 Some V\$ Views show the same of – Examples: V\$DATABASE V\$LOGFILE But most show values specific for At root select value from v\$sysstat s, v\$statnam where n.name = 'parse time cpu' 	r the PDB ← IMPORTANT At plug1 ne n select value from v\$sysstat s, v\$statname n where n.name = 'parse time cpu'	
 Some V\$ Views show the same of – Examples: V\$DATABASE V\$LOGFILE But most show values specific for <i>At root</i> select value from v\$sysstat s, v\$statnam where n.name = 'parse time cpu' and n.statistic# = s.statistic#; VALUE 	The PDB ← IMPORTANT At plug1 ne n select value from v\$sysstat s, v\$statname n where n.name = 'parse time cpu' and n.statistic# = s.statistic#;	

Opening and closing PDBs

- Open in current instance only: SQL> alter pluggable database PLUG1 open;
- Open in current instance read only:
 SQL> alter pluggable database PLUG1 open read only;
- Open all PDBs in current instance only:
 SQL> alter pluggable database all open;
- Open in all instances: SQL> alter pluggable database PLUG1 open instances=all;

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Or, you can be in the PDB
 SQL> alter session set container = plug1;
 SQL> startup

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Shutdown PDBs

- Shutting down PDBs do not shut down the CDB
- Close in current instance only:
 SQL> alter pluggable database PLUG1 close;
- Close in current instance immediately: SQL> alter pluggable database PLUG1 close immediate;
- Close all PDBs in current instance only:
 SQL> alter pluggable database all close;
- Close in all instances: SQL> alter pluggable database PLUG1 close instances=all;
- Or, you can be in the PDB
 SQL> alter session set container = plug1;
 SQL> shutdown [immediate]

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Individualized Instances of PDBs

• PDBs can be opened on selected instances

select name, inst_id, OPEN_MODE from gv\$pdbs;

NAME	<pre>INST_ID OPEN_MODE</pre>
PDB\$SEED	1 READ ONLY
PDB\$SEED	4 READ ONLY
PLUG1	1 READ WRITE
PLUG1	4 MOUNTED
PLUG2	1 READ WRITE
PLUG2	4 MOUNTED
SARPRD	1 READ WRITE
SARPRD	4 READ WRITE

Note: PLUG1 is opened on one instance and just mounted on the other.

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Service Name

- Default service created: PDB name
- You can create additional services

select name, con_name from v\$active_services

NAME	CON_NAME
plug1	PLUG1
pdborcl	PDBORCL
cdborclXDB	CDB\$ROOT
cdborcl	CDB\$ROOT
SYS\$BACKGROUND	CDB\$ROOT
SYS\$USERS	CDB\$ROOT

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Tip: Do NOT Use Default Service

- Default service
 - is not managed by srvctl
 - can't be brought down
 - starts as soon as the PDB comes up
 - If you move the PDB to a different CDB (with a different name), you can use the same service name; so apps do not need to change
- How to create a service for that specific PDB

```
$ srvctl add service -d cdborcl -s newplug3 -pdb plug3 -preferred
"cdborcl1" -available "cdborcl2"
```

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Bug

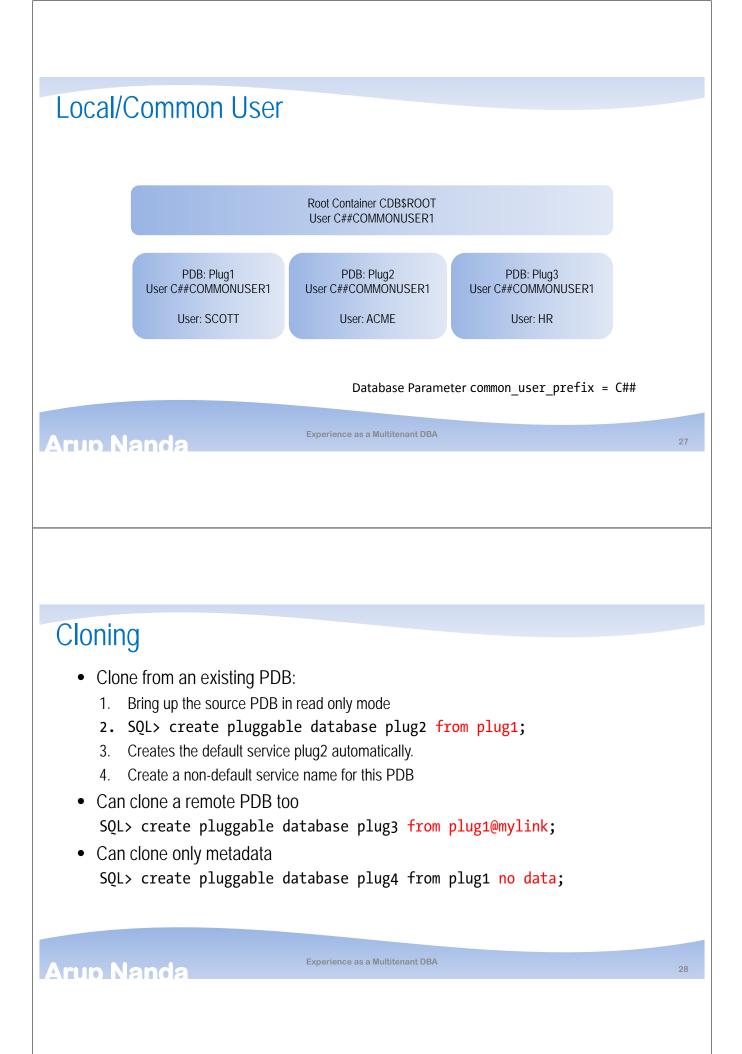
• Default service pointed to root container

<pre>select name, con_name from v\$active_services</pre>		
NAME CON_NAME		
plug1 PLUG1		
pdborcl PDBORCL		
cdborclXDB CDB\$ROOT		
cdborcl CDB\$ROOT		
SYS\$BACKGROUND CDB\$ROOT		
SYS\$USERS CDB\$ROOT		

select name, con_name
from v\$active_services

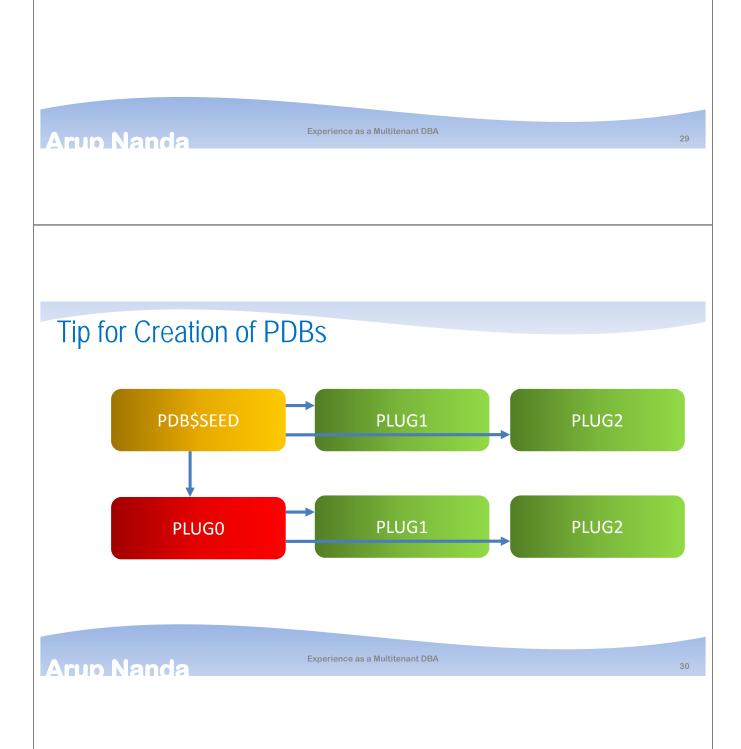
NAME	CON_NAME
plug1	CDB\$ROOT
pdborcl	PDBORCL
cdborclXDB	CDB\$ROOT
cdborcl	CDB\$ROOT
SYS\$BACKGROUND	CDB\$ROOT
SYS\$USERS	CDB\$ROOT

This can't be altered. So all apps pointing to the PLUG1 service will point at the root container, resulting in not finding the right data, users, etc.



Subsetting

- You can clone only a few user tablespaces
 SQL> create pluggable database plug3 from plug1 user_tablespaces = ('URBANCODE1');
- Very useful in creating subsets for prod-to-non-prod moves, or dividing too large PDBs into smaller ones.



Transporting

- If the PDB is open, you should close it.
 SQL> alter pluggable database plug1 close;
- Create the meta-information on the PDB in an XML file.
 SQL> alter pluggable database plug1 unplug into 'plug1_meta.xml';
- 3. Copy this file and all the datafiles of plug1 to the target server.
- 4. On the target server, connect to the CDB with SYSDBA privilege\$ sqlplus sys/oracle as sysdba
- 5. Execute this: SQL> create pluggable database newplug1 using 'plug1_meta.xml';

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History of PDBs

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• View CDB_PDB_HISTORY shows all operations select pdb_name, operation, op_timestamp, cloned_from_pdb_name from cdb_pdb_history;

PDB_NAME	OPERATION	OP_TIMEST CLONED_FRO
PDB\$SEED	UNPLUG	07-JUL-14
PDB\$SEED	PLUG	11-OCT-14 PDB\$SEED
PLUG1	CREATE	01-JUN-16 PDB\$SEED
PDB\$SEED	UNPLUG	07-JUL-14
PDB\$SEED	PLUG	11-OCT-14 PDB\$SEED
PLUG1	CREATE	01-JUN-16 PDB\$SEED
PLUG2	CLONE	10-JUN-16 PLUG1

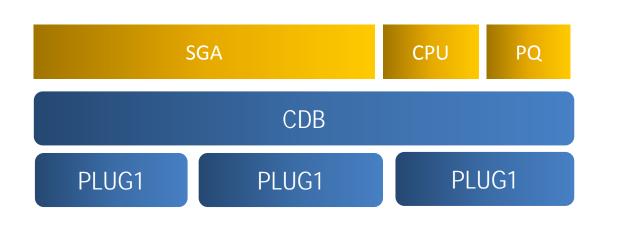
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DB Links

- No Change. SQL> create database link plug1 using 'plug1'
- Can connect to
 - Root container
 - PDB
- Can't do "alter session set container ... " so root-link is not practical
- But useful for V\$ views



Will they all play along nicely?



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Resource Manager

```
dbms_resource_manager.create_cdb_plan_directive (
                                       => 'dayplan1',
                plan
                pluggable_database
                                       => 'plug1',
                shares
                                       => 2,
                utilization limit
                                       => 100,
                parallel server limit => 100
        );
dbms resource manager.create cdb plan directive (
                plan
                                       => 'dayplan1',
                pluggable_database
                                       => 'plug2',
                shares
                                       => 1,
                utilization limit
                                       => 50,
                parallel server limit => 50
        );
```

Data Pump

- Remember, directories are visible only in a PDB
 So, in expdp or impdp, use user/pw@plug1
- SERVICE_NAME parameter doesn't help
 \$ expdp u/p directory=tmp_dir cluster=no service_name=plug1
 schemas=UCRELEASE
- OR, use TWO_TASK
 \$ export TWO_TASK=plug11
 \$ expdp u/p ...

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Backup/Recovery

- You can backup the entire CDB
 - RMAN> connect target /
 - RMAN> backup database;
- OR, individual PDBs
 - RMAN> backup pluggable database plug1;
- OR, use RMAN directly
 - RMAN> connect target=sys/oracle@plug1
 - RMAN> backup database;
- You can restore entire CDB or individual PDBs

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Point in Time Recovery of PDB

- You can do PITs of individual PDBs leaving the rest in their place.
 RMAN> run {
 - 2> set until time '08-MAR-16';
 - 3> restore pluggable database plug1;
 - 4> recover pluggable database plug1;
 - 5> }

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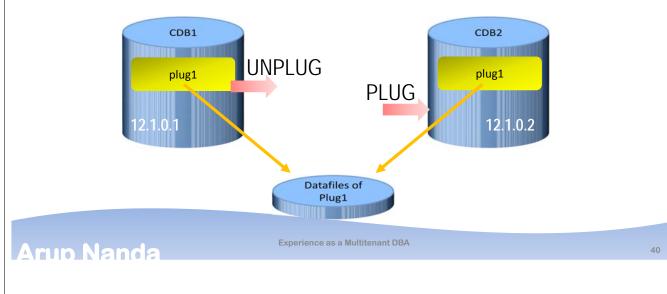
• Creates an auxiliary instance, creates that PDB only and plugs it in.

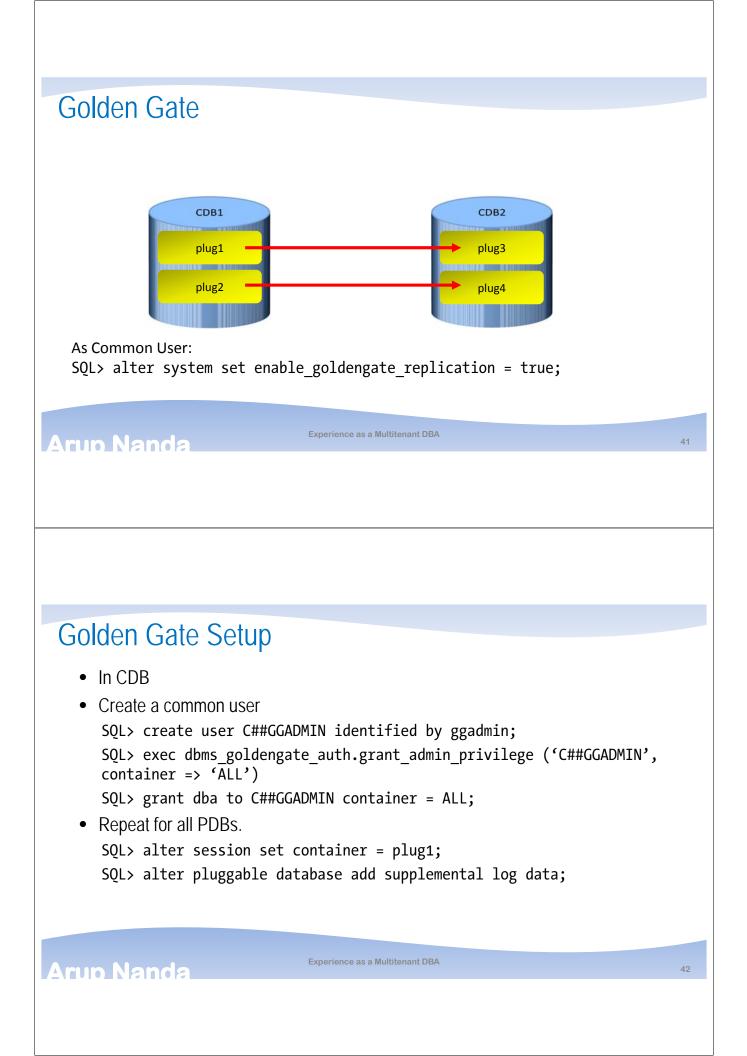
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Upgrade

- Update the entire CDB. All individual PDBs will be upgraded
- Transport a specific PDB from one CDB to another at a higher version





Golden Gate Configuration (ggsci)

GGSCI (source) 1> dblogin userid acme@plug1, password acme
GGSCI (source as acme@CDB1/PLUG1) 2> add schematrandata plug1.acme
GGSCI (source) 3> edit params extora
EXTRACT EXTORA
USERID C##GGADMIN@CDB1, password ggadmin
RMTHOST remotehost1, MGRPORT 7809
RMTTRAIL ./trails
DDL INCLUDE MAPPED
LOGALLSUPCOLS
UPDATERECORDFORMAT COMPACT
TABLE PLUG1.ACME.*;
TABLE PLUG2.ACME.*

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Naming Convention Tip

- CDB Names
 - C<Seq#><AppName>
 - C2SAR
- PDB Name
 - Make it unique across the enterprise
 - P1SAR
 - Makes it easy to plug in to any CDB without renaming
 - Allows you to open multiple PDBs read only

Caveats

- Non-CDBs may be deprecated
- Some features not supported on CDBs (as of 12.1)
 - Heat Map, Automatic Data Optimization
 - Change Notification
 - Client Side Result Cache
- Real Application Testing only for CDB; not PDB

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Summary

- CDB/PDBs are transparent to the applications
- Most functions for the DBA stay the same without change
 - The scripts will work
 - Backup/recovery works
- Pay close attention to dynamic performance views as their meanings could change

- DBA_ views shows PDB specific data. CDB_ views show all PDBs
- Create a non-default service name for the PDB; do not use the default one.

Thank You!

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