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## Oracle Database Expert Panel

Tuesday November 17, 2020 | 11:00 AM CT - 12:00 PM CT



**Charles Kim**

Founder and CEO,  
Viscosity North America  
Oracle ACE Director



**Rich Niemiec**

Chief Innovation Officer,  
Viscosity North America  
Oracle ACE Director



**Maria Colgan**

Distinguished Product  
Manager, Oracle  
Corporation



**Andy Rivenes**

Product Manager  
Database In-Memory,  
Oracle Corporation



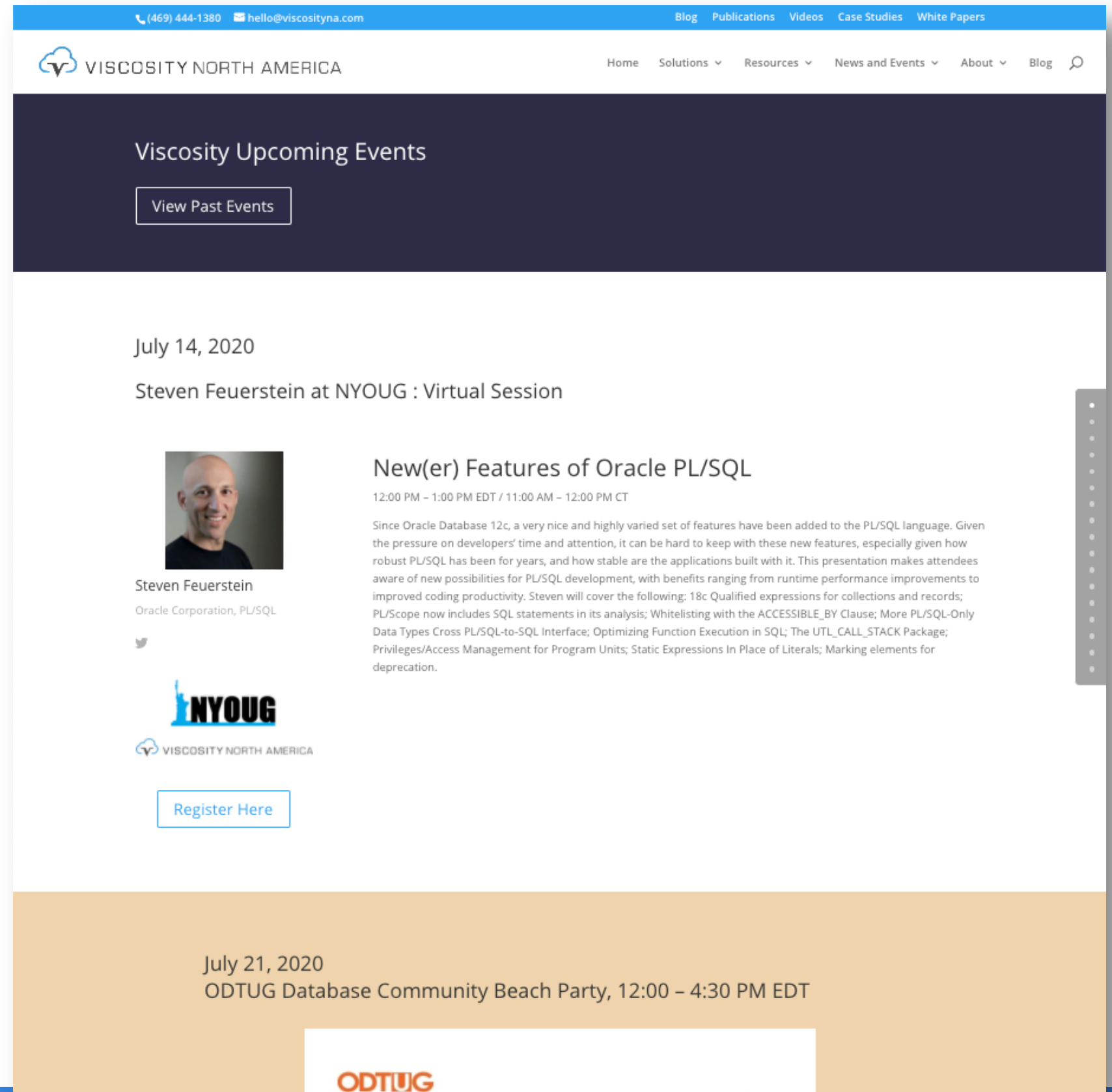
**Troy Ligon**

Oracle ACE & Enterprise  
Architect, President of  
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The screenshot shows the Viscosity North America website. At the top, there is a blue navigation bar with contact information: (469) 444-1380 and hello@viscosityna.com. Below this is a white header with the Viscosity logo and the text "VISCOSITY NORTH AMERICA". To the right of the logo is a navigation menu with links for Home, Solutions, Resources, News and Events, About, and Blog. The main content area has a dark blue background with the heading "Viscosity Upcoming Events" and a button labeled "View Past Events". Below this, the date "July 14, 2020" is displayed, followed by the event title "Steven Feuerstein at NYOUG : Virtual Session". A profile picture of Steven Feuerstein is shown, along with his name and affiliation: "Steven Feuerstein, Oracle Corporation, PL/SQL". A small Twitter icon is visible below his name. The event title "New(er) Features of Oracle PL/SQL" is prominently displayed, followed by the time "12:00 PM - 1:00 PM EDT / 11:00 AM - 12:00 PM CT". A detailed description of the event follows, mentioning Oracle Database 12c features and the topics Steven will cover. Logos for NYOUG and Viscosity North America are shown at the bottom of the event details, along with a "Register Here" button. The bottom of the page features a tan background with the date "July 21, 2020" and the event title "ODTUG Database Community Beach Party, 12:00 - 4:30 PM EDT". The ODTUG logo is displayed in the bottom right corner of this section.



# Running Oracle Upgrades on Docker

# Sean Scott



25 years working with Oracle technology

UTOUG Board ∴ RAC SIG Board

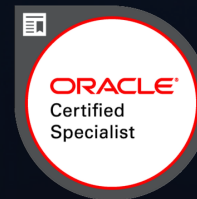
Oracle OpenWorld ∴ Collaborate/IOUG ∴ Regional UG

RAC/MAA ∴ DR/HA ∴ TFA/AHF ∴ Exadata/ODA

Upgrades ∴ Migration ∴ Cloud ∴ Automation

DevOps ∴ Infrastructure as Code

Containers ∴ Virtualization



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# Concepts

- Image
- Container
- Dockerfile - FROM, COPY, RUN, ENV
- `docker build`
- `docker run`
- `docker exec`, `docker attach`
- [github.com/oracle/docker-images](https://github.com/oracle/docker-images)

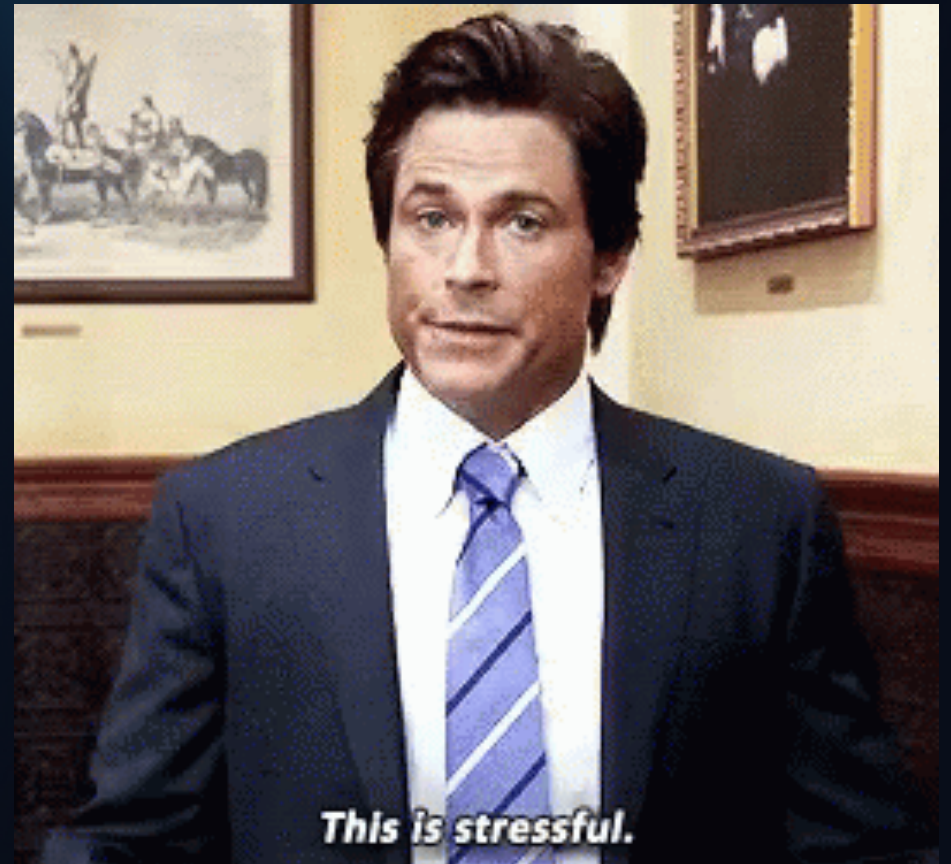


# Database Upgrades: The World Cup for DBAs



## World Cup/Olympics vs. Upgrades

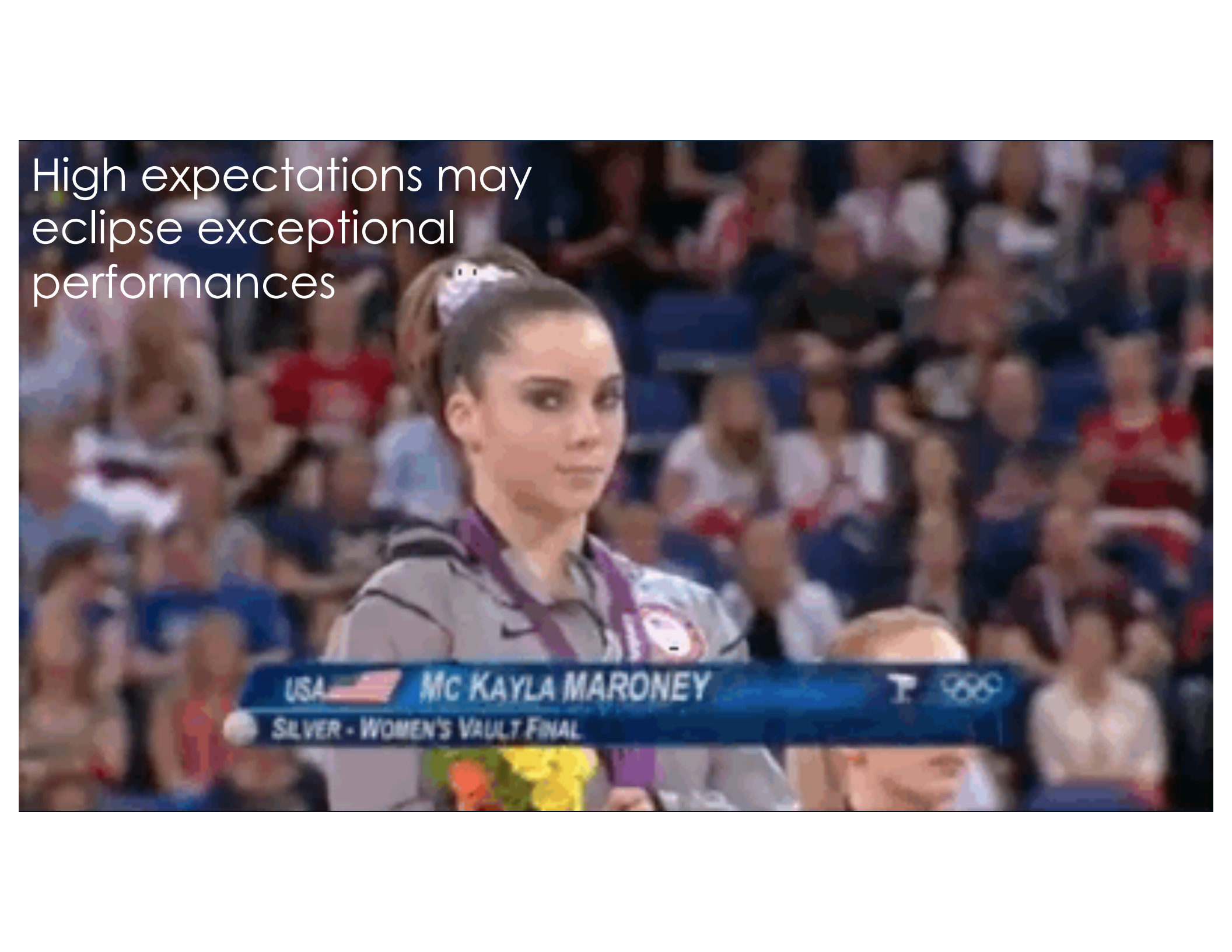
- High stakes
- Infrequent
- Attention
- Scrutiny
- Pressure!




Everyone's suddenly an expert!



High expectations may  
eclipse exceptional  
performances

A photograph of McKayla Maroney, a USA gymnast, standing on a podium during the Women's Vault Final at the Rio Olympics. She is wearing a grey USA team jacket and a silver medal. The background shows a large, blurred crowd of spectators. A blue banner at the bottom of the image displays her name and the event details.

USA  MC KAYLA MARONEY   
SILVER - WOMEN'S VAULT FINAL



Train for Upgrades

# Docker: The Practice Field

- Free
- Fast
- Easy

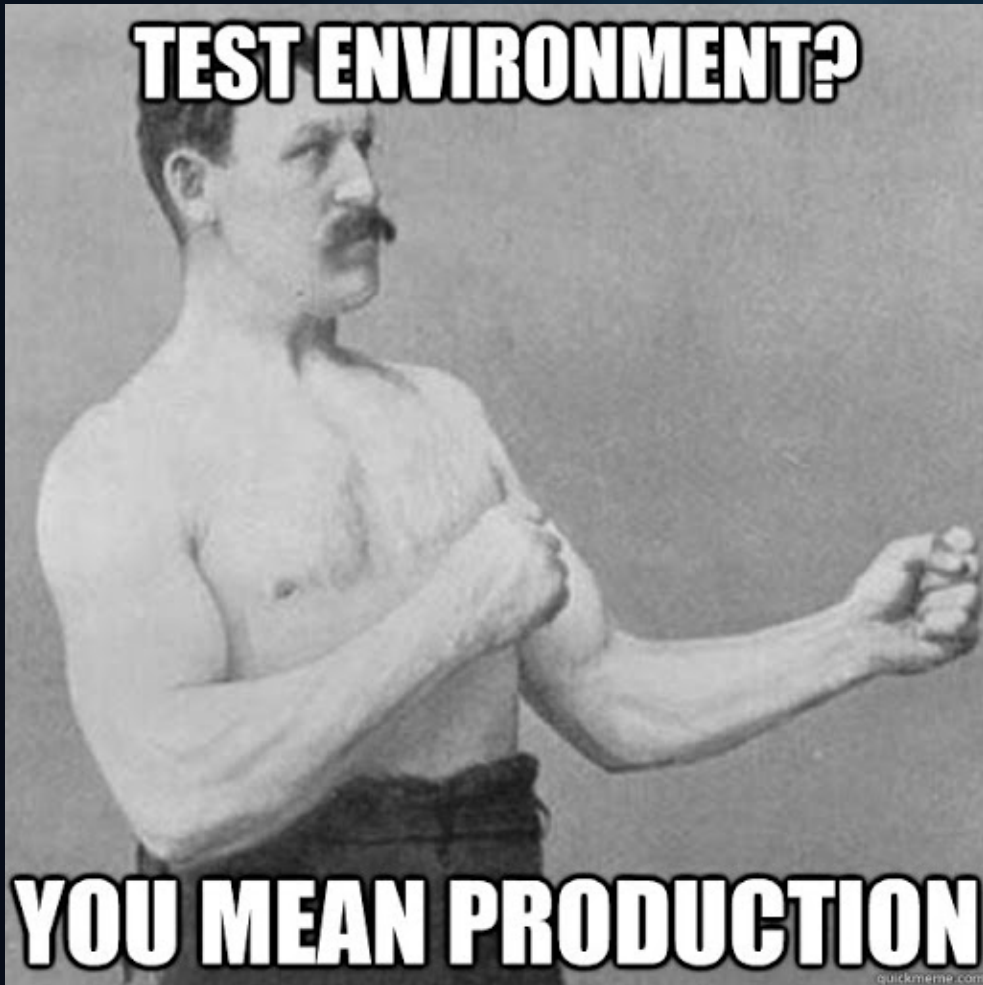


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# Docker: The Practice Field

- Portable
- Versionable
- Distributable
- Configurable
- Reproducible
- Convenient





We Don't Test  
in Production or  
Deploy on Fridays  
(and Other Lies)

# Internal Customers are Still Customers

- Dev is production for development
- Test is production for testing
- QA is production for QA

Pre-production environments support pre-production efforts that end up in... production.







If you can't take and break an environment for an unspecified, extended period, without consequences, it's not really test.

# Docker - Scope

## Docker Helps Build Processes

- Choosing a method
- Writing procedures and documentation
- Creating automation
- Adjusting monitoring



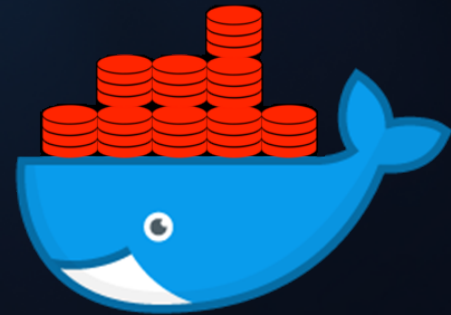
# Docker - Scope

Docker is a Window Into Functional Changes

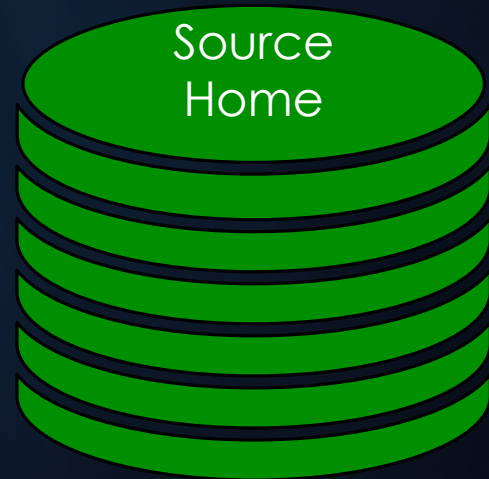
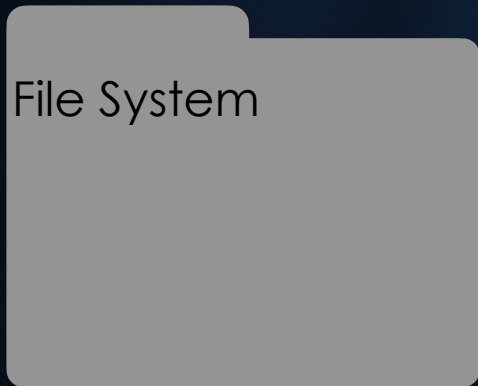
- Preview new features
- Understand changes
- Recognize new behaviors, patterns

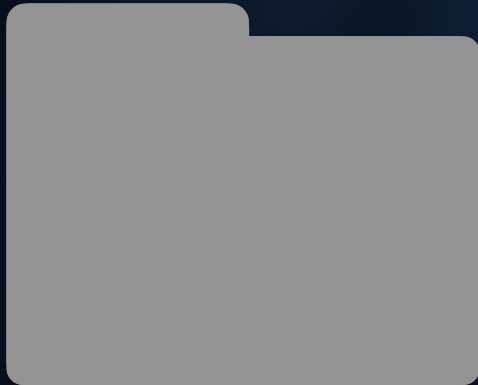


# Building Upgrade Images



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Create Target Filesystem  
Add Source Home  
Add Target Home  
Attach Target Home



## For 18c + 19c targets, APEX must be removed or upgraded in the source database:

Upgrade Oracle Application Express (APEX) manually before the database upgrade.

The database contains APEX version 5.0.4.00.12. Upgrade APEX to at least version 18.2.0.00.12.

Starting with Oracle Database Release 18, APEX is not upgraded automatically as part of the database upgrade. Refer to My Oracle Support Note 1088970.1 for information about APEX installation and upgrades.

### To remove APEX...

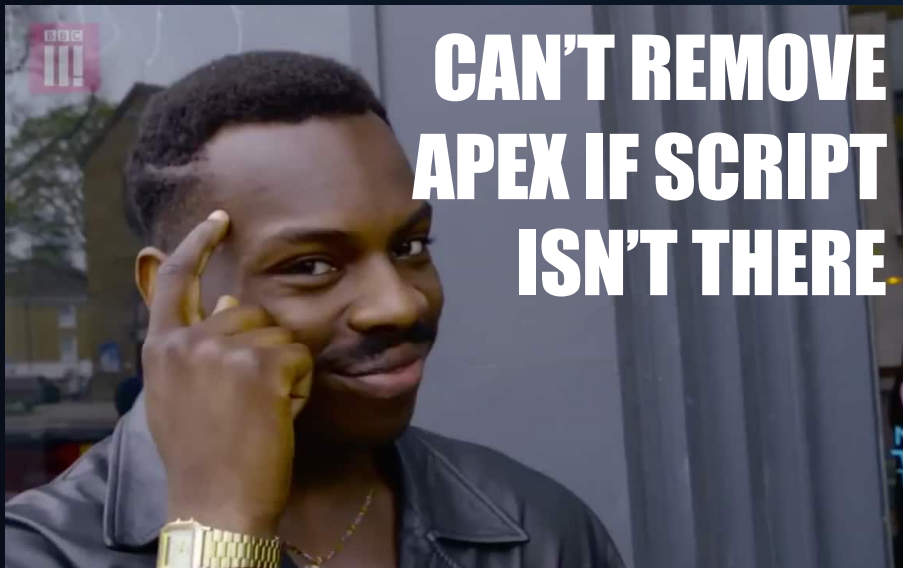
```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/apex  
@apxremov_con.sql
```

Source and Target Images

`installDBBinaries.sh` removes components from `ORACLE_HOME` after DBCA runs.

Including APEX. :(

Remove this line



```
# Remove not needed components
# APEX
rm -rf $ORACLE_HOME/apex && \
# ORDS
rm -rf $ORACLE_HOME/ords && \
# SQL Developer
rm -rf $ORACLE_HOME/sqldeveloper && \
```

Source and Target Images



## Do You PDB?

Official Oracle images on GitHub are PDB only!

Database creation performed by DBCA...

...using response files...

...created from templates in each version directory!

```
egrep -i "^createascontainer" */*.rsp.tmpl  
12.1.0.2/dbca.rsp.tmpl:createAsContainerDatabase=true  
12.2.0.1/dbca.rsp.tmpl:createAsContainerDatabase=true  
18.3.0/dbca.rsp.tmpl:createAsContainerDatabase=true  
19.3.0/dbca.rsp.tmpl:createAsContainerDatabase=true
```

For non CDB, change to false

Source Image, Target Optional

# Build the Source, Target Images

Run `.buildDockerImage.sh` as normal



# Build the Working Image



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# Completed: Source, Target Images

```
> docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
oracle/database	12.1.0.2-ee	1f04faeab590	2 months ago	5.29GB
oracle/database	19.3.0-ee	df13428803ce	3 months ago	6.51GB
oraclelinux	7-slim	3f15c01b91bb	4 months ago	120MB

How do we upgrade this?

# Create an Upgrade Image Dockerfile

Add a new ENV variable

```
FROM oraclelinux:7-slim as base
```

```
...
```

```
ENV TARGET_HOME=/opt/oracle/product/19c/dbhome_1
```

While we're here... add Helpful Things

`file-5.11`: Prerequisite for 19c preinstall

Amend this list to suit your needs and tastes

```
less                                tree
oracle-epel-release-el7           vi
strace                             which
```

`rlwrap`: Adds bash-like functionality to CLI

```
sync
yum -y install rlwrap
```

COPY Magic!



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# Create an Upgrade Image Dockerfile

COPY the source ORACLE\_BASE and target ORACLE\_HOME

```
FROM base

# Source Base
COPY --chown=oracle:dba --from=oracle/database:12.1-ee \
    $ORACLE_BASE $ORACLE_BASE

# Target Home
COPY --chown=oracle:dba --from=oracle/database:19.9-ee \
    $TARGET_HOME $TARGET_HOME
```



# Upgrade Image Dockerfile

Run the root scripts, including the target root script  
Attach the target ORACLE\_HOME

```
USER root
RUN $ORACLE_BASE/oraInventory/orainstRoot.sh && \
    $ORACLE_HOME/root.sh && \
    $TARGET_HOME/root.sh

USER oracle
RUN $TARGET_HOME/oui/bin/attachHome.sh
```

# Upgrade Image Dockerfile

Optionally add 8080 to EXPOSE

The remainder is identical to the original Dockerfile(s)

```
WORKDIR /home/oracle

VOLUME ["$ORACLE_BASE/oradata"]
EXPOSE 1521 5500 8080
HEALTHCHECK --interval=1m --start-period=5m \
    CMD "$ORACLE_BASE/$CHECK_DB_FILE" >/dev/null || exit 1

# Define default command to start Oracle Database.
CMD exec $ORACLE_BASE/$RUN_FILE
```

## Build the Upgrade Image

Run `docker build` from the `Dockerfile` directory

```
docker build -t oracle/database:12c-19c-ee .
```

Use `-f` to identify a non-standard `Dockerfile`:

```
docker build -t oracle/database:12c-19c-ee \  
-f Dockerfile.Name .
```

Tip: Create the `Dockerfile` in a new directory or add a `.dockerignore` file to prevent lengthy context builds

# Completed: Source, Target and Upgrade Images!

```
> docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
<a href="#">oracle/database</a>	<a href="#">12c-19c-ee</a>	<a href="#">ea79f8b6081e</a>	<a href="#">2 months ago</a>	<a href="#">14.3GB</a>
oracle/database	12.1.0.2-ee	1f04faeab590	2 months ago	5.29GB
oracle/database	19.3.0-ee	df13428803ce	3 months ago	6.51GB
oraclelinux	7-slim	3f15c01b91bb	4 months ago	120MB



## Question: Why not install binaries “normally”?

```
docker cp /localdir/target_install.zip SOURCE:/opt/oracle
```

Then:

```
unzip /opt/oracle/target_install.zip etc.
```

Seems easier (and obvious)

Docker uses union filesystems (read only)

Modifying files & directories:

- Creates new layers
- Increases container size

# Is there an easier way?

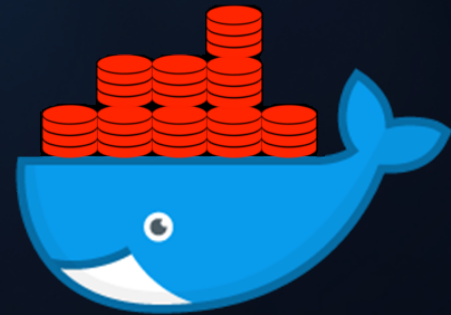
Yes:

```
https://github.com/oraclesean/docker-oracle
```

Oracle/Docker builds including:

- 11.2.0.4
- 19.6, 19.7, 19.8, 19.9
- CDB, non-CDB
- Upgrades
- Multiple/custom PDBs
- Dynamic builds
- Separate BASE, HOME, INV, ORADATA directories
- Data Guard
- Sharding

docker run an upgrade!



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# Run the Container

```
CON_NAME=UPG
```

```
docker run -d \  
  -v /data_dir/$CON_NAME:/opt/oracle/oradata \  
  -e ORACLE_SID=UPG \  
  -p 1921:1521 \  
  -p 1980:8080 \  
  --name $CON_NAME \  
  oracle/database:12c-19c-ee
```

```
docker logs -f $CON_NAME
```

```
docker exec -it $CON_NAME bash
```



## Use unique directories for oradata volumes

DON'T DO THIS!

```
docker run -d --name container1
    -v /data_dir:/opt/oracle/oradata imagename
docker run -d --name container2
    -v /data_dir:/opt/oracle/oradata imagename
```

The databases in these containers will share the same directory structure including control files and datafiles!

(That is a *Bad Thing!*)

# Source Database Preparations

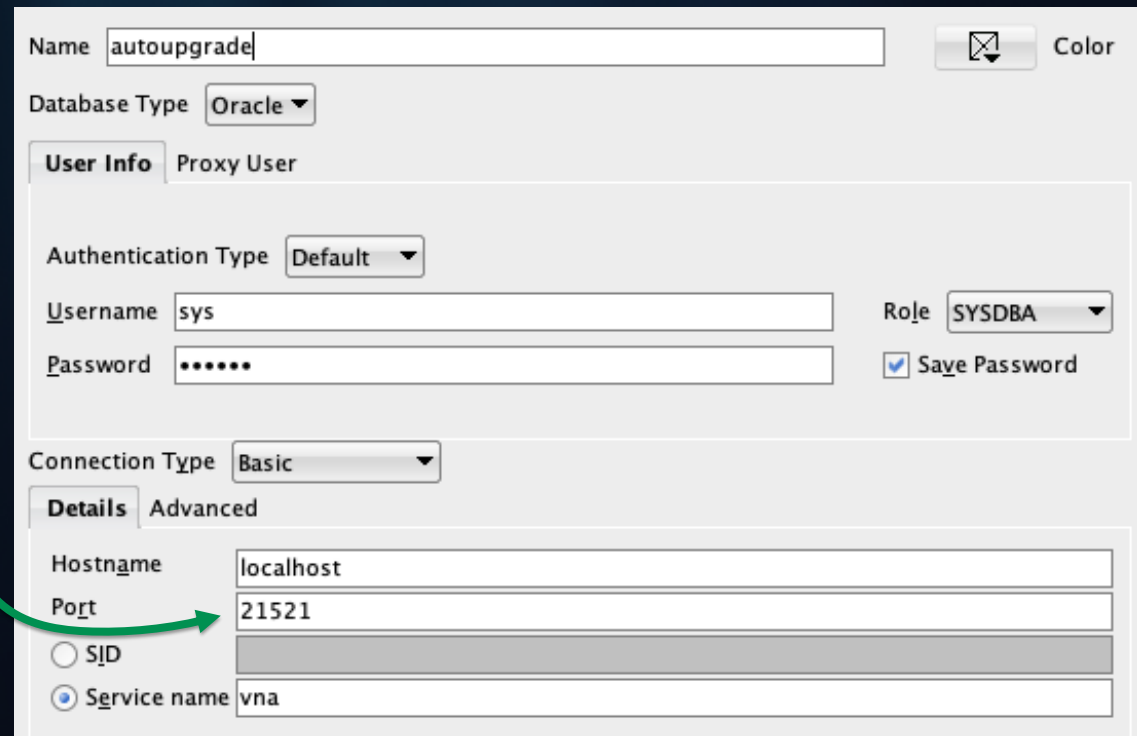
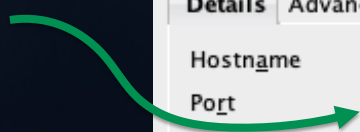
Set init parameters

Optionally start archivelog (required for AutoUpgrade):

```
alter system set ... scope=spfile;  
shutdown immediate  
startup mount  
alter database archivelog;  
shutdown immediate  
startup
```

# Connect to SQL Developer

Local port mapped to  
container port 1521  
by `docker run`



The screenshot shows the 'autoupgrade' connection dialog in SQL Developer. The 'Name' field is 'autoupgrade'. The 'Database Type' is 'Oracle'. The 'User Info' tab is selected, showing 'Proxy User' as the user type. The 'Authentication Type' is 'Default'. The 'Username' is 'sys' and the 'Role' is 'SYSDBA'. The 'Password' is masked with dots, and the 'Save Password' checkbox is checked. The 'Connection Type' is 'Basic'. The 'Details' tab is selected, showing 'Hostname' as 'localhost', 'Port' as '21521', and 'Service name' as 'vna'. The 'SID' radio button is unselected.

Name	autoupgrade	Color	<input type="checkbox"/>
Database Type	Oracle		
<b>User Info</b> Proxy User			
Authentication Type	Default		
Username	sys	Role	SYSDBA
Password	*****	Save Password	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Connection Type	Basic		
<b>Details</b> Advanced			
Hostname	localhost		
Port	21521		
<input type="radio"/> SID			
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Service name	vna		

Run AutoUpgrade



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# Run AutoUpgrade

## Create a configuration file

```
cat /opt/oracle/autoupgrade/config.txt
global.autoupg_log_dir=/opt/oracle/autoupgrade
vna1.source_home=/opt/oracle/product/12.1.0.2/dbhome_1
vna1.target_home=/opt/oracle/product/19c/dbhome_1
vna1.sid=VNA
vna1.start_time=now
vna1.log_dir=/opt/oracle/autoupgrade/VNA
vna1.upgrade_node=855dea5a845e          # <- Container name
vna1.target_version=19.8
```

## Run AutoUpgrade

```
$TARGET_HOME/jdk/bin/java -jar $TARGET_HOME/rdbms/admin/autoupgrade.jar \  
-config /opt/oracle/autoupgrade/config.txt \  
-mode analyze
```

```
$TARGET_HOME/jdk/bin/java -jar $TARGET_HOME/rdbms/admin/autoupgrade.jar \  
-config /opt/oracle/autoupgrade/config.txt \  
-mode deploy
```

## Monitor AutoUpgrade

```
cd $ORACLE_BASE/autoupgrade/cfgtoollogs/upgrade/auto  
nohup python -m SimpleHTTPServer 8080 &
```

<http://localhost:1980/state.html>



Local port mapped to container  
port 8080 by docker run

# Tips and Tricks



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# Create Gold Images for Data

```
ORCLCDB
├── ORCLPDB1
│   ├── sysaux01.dbf
│   ├── system01.dbf
│   ├── temp01.dbf
│   ├── undotbs01.dbf
│   └── users01.dbf
├── control01.ctl
├── control02.ctl
├── pdbseed
│   ├── sysaux01.dbf
│   ├── system01.dbf
│   ├── temp012020.dbf
│   └── undotbs01.dbf
├── redo01.log
├── redo02.log
└── redo03.log
```

```
├── sysaux01.dbf
├── system01.dbf
├── temp01.dbf
├── undotbs01.dbf
└── users01.dbf
├── dbconfig
│   └── ORCLCDB
│       ├── listener.ora
│       ├── orapwORCLCDB
│       ├── oratab
│       ├── spfileORCLCDB.ora
│       ├── sqlnet.ora
│       └── tnsnames.ora
```

5 directories, 25 files



## Create Gold Images for Data

```
docker run ... -v /data_dir/$CON_NAME:/opt/oracle/oradata
```

`data_dir/$CON_NAME` contains the *entire database!*

- `data_dir/$CON_NAME/SID` = datafiles
- `data_dir/$CON_NAME/dbconfig/SID` = configurations

Create a gold image:

```
cp -r /data_dir/$CON_NAME /data_dir/gold
```

## Recreate from the Gold Image

Remove the container and data:

```
docker rm $CON_NAME  
rm -fr /data_dir/$CON_NAME
```

Restore the data and recreate the container:

```
cp -r /data_dir/gold /data_dir/$CON_NAME  
docker run ...  
    -v /data_dir/$CON_NAME:/opt/oracle/oradata ...
```

# Clone from the Gold Image

Create a new container with existing Gold data:

```
cp -r /data_dir/gold /data_dir/CLONE
```

```
docker run -d
  -v /data_dir/CLONE:/opt/oracle/oradata \ # <- New dir
  -e ORACLE_SID=VNA \                       # <- Same SID
  -p 2021:1521 \                             # <- Change local port
  -p 2080:8080 \                             # <- Change local port
  --name CLONE \                             # <- New container name
  oracle/database:12c-19c-ee # <- Same image
```

# Snapshots (PIT backups) from Containers

Create a snapshot as a new image:

```
docker commit $CON_NAME post_upgrade
cp -r /data_dir/$CON_NAME /data_dir/post_upgrade
```

Restore a snapshot:

```
docker rm -f $CON_NAME
cp -r /data_dir/post_upgrade /data_dir/$CON_NAME
docker run -d \
  -v /data_dir/$CON_NAME:/opt/oracle/oradata \
  -e ORACLE_SID=VNA ... # Same values used to create container
  --name $CON_NAME post_upgrade
```

# Opportunities for Testing Upgrades on Docker



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## Opportunities—Process

Compare different methods

Test backup and restore

Test GRP and Flashback

Update and correct documentation

Iterate and perfect process

Validate assumptions

Explore new features

# Opportunities—Performance

Use Data Pump to export, import statistics

- Compare before/after plans
- Get comfortable with new optimizer options
- Determine changes for immediate implementation
- Develop action plans to:
  - Identify and isolate problems
  - React and resolve

# Opportunities—Operations

## Employ DevOps practices

- Establish metrics
- Build automation
- Create unit & functional tests



# Opportunities—Operations

## Develop and exercise tooling

- Monitor
- Discover/observe patterns & anti-patterns
- Test observations
- Get smarter
- Add monitoring
- Repeat

# Opportunities—Practice, Practice, Practice

Prepare like elite athletes and teams

- Build confidence in yourself, others
- Develop “muscle memory” for your upgrade
  - Respond instinctively
  - Improve reaction time
  - Know your tools and systems

# Closing Thoughts



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# MYTH: We have documentation for that

Is it current?

Is it accurate?

Documentation doesn't address:

Stress

Urgency

Confusion

Multitasking

Coordination

Phone calls

Messaging

Alerts

Research

Management

Doubt, Panic

Conflict

# MYTH: Production is under change control

Older systems are more likely to contain undocumented or unexpected idiosyncrasies that introduce brittleness and fragility.

MYTH: Success in pre-prod assures success in prod

Production upgrades rarely go without incident.

The best way to prepare for the unexpected is to make the fundamentals second-nature.



Questions



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<https://www.linkedin.com/in/soscott/>



[@oraclesean](#)



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